

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Article No. 8459

Plate Count Skim Milk Agar (PCA)

SYNONYMS

-

SPECIFICATION

Solid medium for the plate count of milk and dairy products, according to DIN and FIL/IDF standards.

FORMULA* IN G/L

Tryptone	5.00
Yeast extract	2.50
Skimmed milk	1.00
Dextrose	1.00
Agar	10.50

Final pH 7.0 ±0.2 at 25 °C

*Adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance criteria.

DIRECTIONS

Suspend 20 g of powder in 1 l of distilled water. Heat to boiling with constant stirring. Distribute into suitable containers and sterilize by autoclaving at 121 °C for 15 minutes.

DESCRIPTION

This medium, after adding milk, is more nutritious than other standard media; however, the opalescence of the medium sometimes makes early observations difficult.

TECHNIQUE

Prepare 10-fold serial dilutions of the sample and take 1 ml in duplicate aliquots from each dilution and put them in sterile Petri dishes. Pour approx. 20 ml of sterile cooled medium (around 45 °C) in each of the plates. Mix gently by swirling the plate in a figure 8. Leave the plates undisturbed to solidify and incubate in an inverted

Th. Geyer GmbH & Co. KG

Dornierstr. 4 – 6
D-71272 Renningen
Tel.: +49 7159 1637-0
Fax: +49 7159 1637-710
renningen@thgeyer.de
www.thgeyer.de

BW-Bank (Swift/BIC SOLADEST600)
IBAN DE85600501010002036302
Postbank Stuttgart (Swift/BIC PBNKDEFFXXX)
IBAN DE3260010070000020708
Deutsche Bank (Swift/BIC DEUTDESSXXX)
IBAN DE06600700700125518100

St.-Nr. 70093/40018 / USt-IdNr. DE147510304
Amtsgericht Stuttgart / HRA-Nr. 254140
Persönlich haftende Gesellschafterin:
Geyer Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH
Amtsgericht Stuttgart / HRB-Nr. 252035
Geschäftsführer: Lutz-Alexander Geyer / Thomas Roth

position. The incubation time and temperature depend on the type of microorganism under investigation. In general for an aerobic count, incubate for 3 days at 30 °C. Checking the plates at 24, 48 and 72 hours. The plate count method proposed by the APHA consists of the pour plate method, i.e. pouring the molten agar at 50 °C on plates containing the diluted samples. The final count is carried out after 48 hours of incubation at 32-35 °C.

For microorganisms with other temperature requirements, the following incubations have been suggested: 2 days at 30 ±1 °C, 2-3 days at 45 °C, 2 days at 55 °C, 3-5 days at 20 °C, 7-10 days at 5-7 °C.

Sample dilutions are prepared with 1/4 Ringer's solution, buffered Peptone Water or Maximum Recovery Diluent depending on their nature.

The poured plate count method is preferred to the surface inoculation method, since it gives higher counts, although the latter facilitates isolation and reseedling of the colonies.

QUALITY CONTROL

- Incubation temperature: 30 ±1.0 °C
- Incubation time: 72 ±3 h
- Inoculum: Practical range 100 ±20 CFU. Min. 50 CFU (productivity), according to ISO 11133:2014. Spiral Plate Method.

Microorganism	Growth	Remarks
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC® 25922	Productivity >0.70	None
<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ATCC® 6633	Productivity >0.70	None
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC® 25923	Productivity >0.70	None
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC® 8739	Productivity >0.70	None

REFERENCES

- ATLAS, R.M. & L.C. PARKS (1993) Handbook of Microbiological Media. CRC Press, Inc. London.
- BUCHBINDER, L., Y. BARIS & L. GOLDSTEIN (1953) Further studies on new milk-free media for the standard plate count of dairy products. Am. J. Public Health 43:869-872.
- CLESCERI, L.S., A.E. GREENBERG and A.D. EATON (1998) Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. 20th ed. APHA, AWWA & WPCF. Washington.
- DIN 10192 (1971) Prüfungsbestimmungen für Milch und Milcherzeugnisse. Deutsche Landwirtschaft, Fachbereit und Ernährung.
- DOWNES, F.P. & K. ITO (2001) Compendium of Methods for the Microbiological Examination of Foods. 4th ed., APHA, Washington.
- FIL/IDF Standards 3 (1958), 100, 101 (1981), 109 (1982) and 132 (2004).
- HORWITZ, W. (2000) Official Methods of Analysis of the A.O.A.C. AOAC International. Gaithersburg. Va.
- IFU Method No 6 (1996) Mesophilic, thermophilic and thermophilic bacteria: Spores Count. D-1 Mesophilic Aerobic Sporeforming bacteria: Spores count.
- ISO 4833 (2003) Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs. Horizontal method for the enumeration of microorganisms. Colony count technique at 30°C.

Th. Geyer GmbH & Co. KG

Dornierstr. 4 – 6
D-71272 Renningen
Tel.: +49 7159 1637-0
Fax: +49 7159 1637-710
renningen@thgeyer.de
www.thgeyer.de

BW-Bank (Swift/BIC SOLADEST600)
IBAN DE85600501010002036302
Postbank Stuttgart (Swift/BIC PBNKDEFFXXX)
IBAN DE32600100700000020708
Deutsche Bank (Swift/BIC DEUTDESSXXX)
IBAN DE06600700700125518100

St.-Nr. 70093/40018 / USt-IdNr. DE147510304
Amtsgericht Stuttgart / HRA-Nr. 254140
Persönlich haftende Gesellschafterin:
Geyer Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH
Amtsgericht Stuttgart / HRB-Nr. 252035
Geschäftsführer: Lutz-Alexander Geyer / Thomas Roth

- ISO 8552 (2004) Milk - Estimation of psychrotrophic microorganisms. Colony count technique at 21°C (Rapid method).
- ISO 11133:2014. Microbiology of food, animal feed and water. Preparation, production, storage and performance testing of culture media.
- ISO 17410 (2001) Horizontal method for the enumeration of psychrotrophic microorganisms.
- MARSHALL, R.T. (1992) Standard Methods for the Examination of Dairy Products. 16th ed. APHA. Washington.
- PASCUAL ANDERSON. M^a.R^o. (1992) Microbiología Alimentaria. Díaz de Santos, S.A. Madrid.

STORAGE

Keep tightly closed, away from light, in a dry place (4-30 °C).

SHELF LIFE

4 years from date of production.

Th. Geyer GmbH & Co. KG

Dornierstr. 4 – 6
D-71272 Renningen
Tel.: +49 7159 1637-0
Fax: +49 7159 1637-710
renningen@thgeyer.de
www.thgeyer.de

BW-Bank (Swift/BIC SOLADEST600)
IBAN DE85600501010002036302
Postbank Stuttgart (Swift/BIC PBNKDEFFXXX)
IBAN DE32600100700000020708
Deutsche Bank (Swift/BIC DEUTDESSXXX)
IBAN DE06600700700125518100

St.-Nr. 70093/40018 / USt-IdNr. DE147510304
Amtsgericht Stuttgart / HRA-Nr. 254140
Persönlich haftende Gesellschafterin:
Geyer Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH
Amtsgericht Stuttgart / HRB-Nr. 252035
Geschäftsführer: Lutz-Alexander Geyer / Thomas Roth