

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Article No. 9384

MRS Agar, ready-to-use plates

SPECIFICATION

Prepared plates. Solid culture medium for detection, isolation and cultivation of lactobacilli and other lactic acid bacteria from food and beverages according to de Man, Rogosa and Sharpe.

Color: Yellowish-brown pH: Yellowish-brown 6.2 ± 0.2 at 25 °C

COMPOSITION IN G/L

Proteose-Peptone	10.00
Meat extract	8.00
Yeast extract	4.00
D-(+)-Glucose	20.00
Sodium acetate	5.00
Magnesium sulfate	0.20
Manganese sulfate	0.05
Dipotassium phosphate	2.00
Triamonium citrate	2.00
Polysorbate 80	1.00
Agar	14.00

PACKAGING DETAILS

9384-20PLATES

20 prepared plates 90 mm

Content: $21 \pm 2 \text{ ml}$

Packaging unit: 1 box with 2 packs of 10 plates/pack. Single cellophane.





GUIDELINES

Description:

MRS Agar is a medium used for the cultivation of lactobacilli. It is a modification of a medium based on the highly nutritious properties of tomato juice. The addition of magnesium, manganese and acetate, together with polysorbate, provides an improved medium for the growth of lactobacilli, including very fastidious species such as *Lactobacillus brevis* and Lactobacillus fermentum.

The quality of the peptones in addition to the meat and yeast extracts, combine all the necessary growth factors that make MRS medium one of the best media for the cultivation of lactobacilli.

As the selectivity of this medium is low and contaminants tend to grow subculturing in a (double layer) solid medium, and then in broth is recommended to increase selectivity. In many cases, growth is encouraged by incubation in a CO₂ enriched atmosphere. MRS medium is particularly recommended for the enumeration and maintenance of lactobacilli either by the MPN technique in broth, or by inoculation on a plate, overlaying it with a second layer of molten medium. This technique overcomes the need for a CO₂ enriched atmosphere.

Technique:

Collect, dilute and prepare samples and volumes as required according to specifications, directives, official standard regulations and/or expected results.

Spread the plate by streaking methodology or by spiral method. Incubate the plates right side up in a microaerophilic atmosphere at 30 ± 1 °C for $72 \pm 3h$.

(Incubation times longer than those mentioned above or different incubation temperatures may be required depending on the sample, on the specifications,...).

This medium can be inoculated directly or after enrichment broth like MRS broth) Incubated under microaerophilic conditions to promote lactobacilli enrichment.

After incubation, enumerate all the colonies that have appeared onto the surface of the agar.

Each laboratory must evaluate the results according to their specifications.

Calculate total microbial count per ml of sample by multiplying the average number of colonies per plate by inverse dilution factor if streaked a diluted sample. Report results as Colony Forming Unit (CFU's) per ml or g along with incubation time and temperature.

MICROBIOLOGICAL CONTROL

Inoculate: Practical range 100 ± 20 CFU. min. 50 CFU (productivity)/ 103-104 (qualitative selectivity).

Analytical methodology according to ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018; A2:2020

Microaerohiilic incubation at 30 ± 1 °C for 72 ± 3 h

Microbiological control according to ISO 11133:2014/A1:2018.

Microorganism	Growth
Escherichia coli ATCC® 25922, WDCM 00013	Poor to good
Lactobacillus sakei ATCC® 15521, WDCM 00015	Good (≥70 %)
Lactococcus lactis ATCC® 19435, WDCM 00016	Good (≥70 %)
Pediococcus pentosaceus ATCC® 33316, WDCM 00158	Good (≥70 %)



Sterility control:

Incubation 48 hours at 30-35 °C and 48 hours at 20-25 °C: NO GROWTH Check at 7 days after incubation in same conditions.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- · VAN KEER, C., L. van MELKEBEKE, W VERTRIEST, G. HOOZEE & E. Van SCHOONENBERGHE (1983) Growth of Lactobacillus species on different media. J. Inst. Brew. 89:361-363.

STORAGE

2-14 °C

SHELF LIFE

3 months unopened from date of manufacture

last updated: 25.08.2022

